

N^o. 3374

THE MARYLAND GAZETTE

Containing the freshest Advices, Foreign and Domestic.

WEDNESDAY, October 9, 1751.

The Conclusion of the Proposals, for Uniting the Kingdoms of GREAT-BRITAIN and IRELAND, which was begun in Gazette N^o. 335.

WE might here congratulate the *Irish* upon one Duty, which, it is hoped, may effectually put a Stop to their ruinous Trade with *France*, and amount almost to a Prohibition of *French* Wines. Their Lands will soon be better employed, than in grazing Cattle for foreign Exportation; or whatever they shall think proper to feed for that Purpose, besides what may be necessary for our own Colonies, *Jamaica*, and the *Leeward* Islands, the *French* will be obliged to purchase at their own Price. Whereas at present they not only send their Beef and Butter and Money, but, it is to be feared, even their Wool, for a most destructive Commodity. Such Trade is not merely unprofitable. It is pernicious in a moral, as well as mercantile Sense. Wines, in large Quantities, are not a simple Commodity. They bring with them every Excess of Luxury, Riot, and Diseases. And altho' the Gentlemen of *Ireland* will lose many jovial Hours of Mirth and Good Humour, yet we think too highly of their Patriotism to doubt, that they will cheerfully resign them to the Good of their Country.

But however the Duties of Import and Export may be rated, the Land-tax, the most formidable of all others, will be laid according to the present Valuation of Land; consequently the raised Rents, which may be justly expected from an Union, will never be liable to be taxed. Yet as no public Benefit, however great, should be purchased, without absolute Necessity, by doing Injury to private Persons, there is one particular Distress, which deserves to be considered. There are some Estates in *Ireland*, which are let upon Leases of Lives, renewable for ever; consequently, whatever Advantages the Tenants may gain by an Union, the Landlord will be obliged to pay the Land-tax, without being able to raise the Income of his Estate.

Among other Schemes to redress such Grievances, the following may merit some Regard. The Crown-Rents, and Quit Rents, which these Estates already pay, and which are in Truth a Land-tax, altho' under another Name, may be remitted. But such Distresses as this are inconsiderable. It is mentioned only to shew, with how much Equity this great Scheme may be executed.

It was not intended in this Paper to propose any Plan of Equalities, upon which an Union might be formed. They may, without Difficulty, be fairly and equitably stated. The Writer intended only to shew how desirable, how equally advantageous such a Measure may be to both Nations. Let him, however, be forgiven, if he presume, tho' with all due Modesty, to offer his Sentiments upon a very delicate Part of his Subject, that of bringing the Lords of *Ireland* into the *British* Parliament. When the Number shall be fixed, which can only be done by a Scale of Equalities formed on a Proportion of Taxes, let them not be elected every Parliament, as the Peers of *Scotland* are. If his Majesty shall be graciously pleased to consent to it, let the Honour of sitting in the *British* House of Peers, with all other Privileges of the Peerage, be granted for Life to the Persons first chosen in their own Country, whether they be chosen there by Ballot or Election. When any of them dies, let another be appointed in the same Manner. Thus all Inconveniences of frequent Elections, Disputes, Quarrels, Animosities will be, in a great measure, avoided. The Peers of *Ireland* will be more united with those of *Great Britain*;

they will come over independent of the Caprice, Resentments and Inconstancy of their Electors; they will bring with them such unbiassed, uninfluenced Sentiments, as are worthy of a *British* Parliament.

But indeed there is little Apprehension, that they will bring with them any other Sentiments of Loyalty and Liberty, than those upon which a limited Monarchy is founded. There is, in general, this Difference between the Subjects of the two Kingdoms, that the Protestants of *Ireland* are more clear and unmixed in their Zeal for the present Government. Their Loyalty to their Prince, and their Love of their Country, are yet untainted with that unhappy Distinction between Court and Country. I had almost said, that unmeaning Distinction. A Prince, who knows our Constitution, if not irritated by an unnecessary, malignant Opposition to his Measures, and the People, if not inflamed by the bad Arts of a few designing, ambitious, turbulent Spirits, will easily distinguish, and naturally pursue the public Good. Their Interests are truly inseparable. They should not be supposed capable of being divided, and ought not to be distinguished away by Party or by Factions. At least, it is a Contradiction to the Principles of Patriotism, certainly to those of Liberty, to enlist in a Party against the Court; to think it a Breach of Engagements ever to imagine it right in its Measures, or give a Vote in its Favour. As if his Majesty were the only Person in his Dominions, incapable of knowing his own Interests, and his Ministers were always most infallibly either weak or wicked. May we not hope, that the Gentlemen of *Ireland*, who shall be chosen into either House of Parliament, as they will come disengaged and unbiassed, will have some Influence in preventing the fatal Consequences of these unhappy Divisions; this unnecessary Spirit of Opposition.

Let us now acknowledge, that there is one Difficulty, in the Execution of this great Plan, which yet seems insuperable: For if no private, single Person should be injured for the sake of whatever Advantages to the Public, it is with infinite Concern we mention a most venerable Body of Men, the Right Reverend the Lords Bishops of *Ireland*, as likely to suffer most essentially by an Union, and without any possible Equivalent to be paid them. Even the public Good must suffer with them. To their Eloquence in the House of Lords of *Ireland*, to their Wisdom, that Nation is in a great measure indebted for all the salutary Laws made there. They would, undoubtedly, bring with them, into a *British* House of Peers, the same Wisdom, the same Eloquence and Integrity; but it were an Outrage to their sacred Character, to propose bringing them so far from the better Business of their holy Function, as it would be Cruelty to expose them to Voyages and Journeys, hazardous and fatiguing. I doubt not, that in a just Contempt of the Vanities of this World, they will gladly resign their troublesome Offices of Greatness, which their Obedience to the Laws alone could oblige them to accept, and hereafter place their true Dignity in adhering to the *Doctrines* of the Gospel by the Influence of their Example, and Preaching.

Other Difficulties may probably arise in forming, and found in executing a Plan of such Extent. But when we consider, in how short a Time the Union with *Scotland* was brought to Perfection, in Opposition to a national Dislike to it, an ancient Antipathy between the Kingdoms, a total Difference of Laws, Religion, Customs, and Manners, we should not be discouraged from attempting a Scheme, in which none of these Difficulties appear; which promises such Advantages to both Nations, and so much greater than either can enjoy in a separate State.

Not

Not that we mean to represent it as intirely free from Difficulty. It would not then do that Honour, which will continue as long as the Benefit it shall produce, to the Persons, who shall carry it into Execution. In Truth, it requires Men of Abilities and Probity; of clear, dispassionate Terms, who will meet together with a mutual Spirit of Condescension and Compliance with Circumstances and Necessities on either Side; who can so far throw off the partial Affections and Prejudices of human Nature, as to look upon both Kingdoms, as their common Country, for whose Welfare they should be equally zealous. Clamour, Resentments, and Reproaches they must expect from the Populace of both Nations; for a Scheme of this Kind is too large, and of too great a Variety of Parts for the Generality of People to take in at one View. Besides, Persons of partial Interests, disaffected Spirits, and weak Understandings, which are generally joined with warmer Tempers, will find abundant Occasion to misrepresent it.

However, let us, on the contrary, recollect, that there never was, there probably never will be, a Time more proper for executing it. We are at Peace with the whole World, and his Majesty hath assured us, that he hath received from all the contracting Powers, in the Definitive Treaty of *Aix-la-Chapelle*, the most full and clear Declarations of their Resolution to preserve the general Peace. No foreign Power will therefore interrupt or hinder the Progress of our Scheme.

This is a Reflection of such Importance, that if *France* had considered how much her Interests were concerned, or rather had not her whole Forces been engaged in opposing the great Duke of *Marlborough*, had she thrown even a small Body of Men into *Scotland*, when the Union was proposed there, this would have effectually for that Time, and, perhaps, for every prevented it.

Let us add, that there never was a Period of Time, when *Great Britain* was more at Peace within herself; surely of more Consequence to her Happiness, than to be at Peace with the whole World. The late Rebellion hath convinced the Nation, in general, how much the Preservation of our Religion, Property, Liberty, and Laws, depends upon the Preservation of his Majesty and his Royal Family.

The Writer of this Paper would not flatter even a King, nor would he presume to praise Him, if he could avoid it. Some Characters and Persons are really above Praise. Were it not, therefore, absolutely necessary to our Subject, we would not presume to say, that his Majesty is equally the Father of all his People; and equally concerned for their common Happiness. To his Probity, as an honest Man, *the noblest Work of God*, according to an Expression of Mr. *Pope*, the Happiness and Interests of Nations might be intrusted. What good Effects may we not promise ourselves in this great Affair from His Justice, Integrity, and Love for His People! Upon His Choice of Commissioners, the Success of it will in some measure depend, and, happily for us, there never was a Set of Men in both Kingdoms better qualified for this great Work. And altho' the present Ministry have given Peace to *Europe*; altho' they have restored to this Nation its ancient Friendship and good Correspondence with *Spain*, which neither the Treaties of twenty Years, nor a long, expensive War could recover; altho' they have already made, and are continuing to make a successful and happy Progress in the Reduction of the Interest of the National Debt, yet all these great Things only make us expect yet greater. The present Scheme is truly worthy of their Abilities; and since Fame is the noblest Reward in this World for Virtue, next to our own Consciences of Well doing, let them be assured, before the Gratitude of the present Age, it will be remembered in later Posterity, that the Kingdoms of *Great Britain* and *Ireland* were united, when *George* the Second was their King, and Mr. *Pelham* was Chancellor of the *Exchequer*.

LONDON, May 25.

WE have received the following Particulars of the melancholy Affair which happened in *St. Dunstons*, near *Berkley Square*, last Friday Evening the 20th of this Instant. Mr. *Paul*, a young Gentleman of *Fortune*, came about Ten o'Clock in a Chair to the House where Mr. *Dalton* lodg'd, desiring to speak with him, and upon being inform'd that he was not at Home, went into the Parlour, wrote a Letter, and ordered

the Servant to find out his Master and deliver it to him: The Servant, who knew Mr. *Paul* to be an Acquaintance of his Master's, went out, found him at the *Brown's Head Tavern* in *Bond Street*, and gave the Letter, which his Master reading, returned immediately home with him, and ordered him not to stir unless he called him. The Servant soon heard the Noise of their pushing at one another, and presently that of the Street Door shutting. He went up, and opening the same, was told by the Chairman who had been in waiting for Mr. *Paul*, that he was gone out, gave them Two Shillings, and went up the Street in a very great Hurry. The Servant on this opened the Parlour Door, and found his Master dead on the Floor, with the Candles out. The Deceased, upon Examination, appears to have received a single Wound only, on the upper Part of the left Breast. It seems these two Gentlemen had drunk Tea together that Afternoon at a young Lady's in *Bond Street*, who happened to pull out a Snuff Box that had been given her by Mr. *Dalton*; and Mr. *Paul* liking it, has told him it was at his Service; which Mr. *Dalton* being displeased at, a Sort of Scuffle arose in the Presence of the Lady, her Sister, and another Gentleman, in which, at last, Mr. *Dalton* wrested it from him. Mr. *Paul* then expressed some Resentment, and Mr. *Dalton*, and the other Gentleman adjourned to the *Brown's Head*. When the Letter came, Mr. *Dalton* read it to his Friend, who would have gone with him; but receiving a Message from the Ladies, Mr. *Dalton* persuaded him to go over to them, and took that Opportunity of going home to his Lodgings. The Gentleman returning presently, and missing him, instantly followed; but tho' he knock'd at the Door, he could not gain Admission, the Servant having received Orders to the contrary. The Gentleman then went back to the Ladies, and returned with their Servants, and then was made sensible of the fatal Catastrophe, the Door being open, and a Number of People about the House.

ANNAPOLIS.

Extract of a Letter from a Merchant in London, to his Friend here, dated July 6, 1751.

'This is to advise you, that an Act of Parliament has been made this Session, for preventing of Frauds in the Tobacco Trade, by which we shall once again stand a Chance of being on a Footing with our Competitors, the *Scotch*, and *Old Port Gentry*; for that pernicious Practice of Smuggling is now in a fair Way of being entirely extirpated, and this City that has so long suffered by that infamous Practice is to be beneficial a Branch of its Trade, will by this Statute Law, once more become the Grand Market of the united Kingdoms, and be for the future remarkable for Vending the largest Quantities of Tobacco, as it has incontestably been for rendering the Gentlemen Planters the highest Price for the Produce of their Estates; and as this will, in all human Probability, be the Case, I hope it will induce the Planters and Merchants in *Maryland*, freely to consign their Tobaccoes to this Market.'

We learn from *Talbot County*, that on the 24th of *September* last, after a lingering Illness, died Mr. *Perry Bayly*, who for many Years had served as a Magistrate in that County. He was a Gentleman of great Integrity, and has left a very fair Reputation behind him.

We mentioned last Week the Arrival of the Honourable Col. *TASKER*, in the *Nancy*, from *London*. He brought in with him a Commission to his Excellency *SAMUEL OGLE*, Esq; from the Right Honourable *FREDERICK*, Attestable Lord and Proprietary of the Provinces of *Maryland* and *Annele*, Lord Baron of *Baltimore*, &c. continuing his Excellency Governor and Commander in Chief in and over this his Province of *Maryland*: And on Wednesday last the same was open'd and publish'd with the usual Solemnity.

The same Day his Excellency, in Council, was pleas'd to issue his Proclamation, requiring that all Officers Civil and Military, holding their several and respective Offices, by Virtue of Commissions in the Name of, or under the Authority or Powers derived from the late *CHARLES*, Lord *Baltimore*, Deceased, forthwith to renew such Commissions.

Yesterday, his Excellency, attended by several of the Gentlemen of his Lordship's Council of State, sat out from *St. John's* in *Prince George's County*, for *Virginia*.

TO BE SOLD.

By the Subscriber, at his Store in ANNAPOLIS, by Wholesale or Retail.

SUNDRY Sorts of European Goods, Barbadoes and Antigua Rum, Muscovado Sugar, Linseed Oil, London and Bristol Crown Glass, 12 by 10, 11 by 9, 10 by 8, and 6 by 4 Inches square; also Diamond Glass; for Cash or Bills of Exchange, Tobacco, Corn, Wheat, Oats, Beans, Barley, Pork, Beef, Bacon Wax, good Pine or Oak Plank, or Cypress Shingles.

PATRICK CARRAGH.

TO BE SOLD.

By the Subscriber in ANNAPOLIS;

BARBADOES Rum by the Hogshead, and Muscovado Sugar by the Barrel, or smaller Quantity; also fresh Lemons and Limes, by the Barrel or Hundred.

WILLIAM REYNOLDS.

N. B. The said Reynolds has two Eight Day Clocks in good Repair; which he would dispose of reasonably.

Bladenburg, October 6, 1751.

THE Subscriber intending for England, in the Spring, requests all Persons indebted to Andrew Reid, Esq; of London, Merchant; to Messieurs Reid and Stewart; or to Messieurs Stewart and Armour, Merchants in London; or to himself; to come and discharge their Debts, else they must not take it amiss, if Suits are brought for the same, without further Notice.

DAVID ROSS.

TO be sold the Lease of a Tract of Land, for three Lives, containing 150 Acres, being Part of Simon's Delight, lying on the Eastern Branch of Potomack River, about two Miles from Bladenburg, and six from Rock Creek, on which is a Dwelling House, finished above and below, 24 Feet by 16, with a Brick Chimney and a good Cellar. Also another House of 24 Feet by 16, divided into a Kitchen (with a Brick Chimney) of 16 Feet square, and a Room of 9 by 16; there is a 50 Feet Tobacco House, a Quarter, and Corn House; and the Plantation in exceeding good Repair; the yearly Rent is 1200 Hogsheads of Tobacco. For the Conditions of Sale, enquire of the Subscriber.

N. B. As soon as the present Crop is secured, the Negroes, Servants, Tobacco, Corn, Stock and Utensils thereon, will also be sold; and Notice given of the Time of Sale.

FRANCIS FIN.

October 3, 1751.

THIS Day was committed to my Custody, a young Man, who says his Name is John Anderson, and passes for Sailor; He had a large Pair of Pot Hooks about his Neck, is about 18 Years of Age, and says he sailed with Capt. Johnson, who has a Vessel now lying at Hampton in Virginia. Whoever will prove his Property to the said Fellow, and pay the Charges, may have him again from

BARTHOLOMEW ENNALLS,
Sheriff of Dorchester County.

IN Pursuance of a late Act of Assembly, Notice is hereby given, That there is at the Plantation of Joseph Linticum, at the Head of South River, taken up as a Stray, a middle sized Black Horse, branded blindly P W or R W, about 6 Years old, was shod before when first taken up, and had a Bell on.

The Owner may have him again, on proving his Property, and paying Charges.

IN Pursuance of a late Act of Assembly, Notice is hereby given, That there is at the Plantation of Mr. Henry Watson, at the Mouth of Rock Creek, in Prince George's County, taken up as a Stray, a large Bay Horse, branded on the near Shoulder with I H, two Hooks across the H, the Letters about 4 Inches long; and on the near Buttock, &c.

The Owner may have him again, on proving his Property, and paying Charges.

IN Pursuance of a late Act of Assembly, Notice is hereby given, That there is at the Plantation of John Hardin, near South River Church, taken up as a Stray, a Black Horse about 18 Hands high, branded blindly with a C on the near Buttock, and paces a Canter.

The Owner may have him again, on proving his Property, and paying Charges.

IN Pursuance of a late Act of Assembly, Notice is hereby given, That there is at the Plantation of Mr. James Elliott, near the Head of South River, taken up as a Stray, a low squat Dark coloured Horse, branded with something on the near Buttock which looks like a large Dots and one small one above them, has a few white Hairs in his Forehead, and looks as if he had been shot through the Nose; he has been about that Place for near a Year and a Half, and had a Bell on.

The Owner may have him again, on proving his Property, and paying Charges.

IN Pursuance of a late Act of Assembly, Notice is hereby given, That there is at the Plantation of Robert Lee, in Frederick County, near a Branch called Cynica, taken up as a Stray, a small Chestnut Sored Horse; about 12 Hands and a Half high, branded on the near Buttock H, and on the near Shoulder something like a Pair of Flesh Forks, and a Star in his Forehead.

The Owner may have him again, on proving his Property, and paying Charges.

STOLEN or Strayed from Baltimore Town, about four Months ago, a Dark Bay Horse, about 14 Hands high, branded on the near Buttock E D, and an old Brand supposed to be I L; he trots fast. Whoever brings the said Horse to the Subscriber at Annapolis, shall have a Pistole Reward. He was bred at Conover's, the Back of Memory.

EDWARD DORSEY.

October 9, 1751.

STRAYED away, about 2 Years and 3 Months ago, from the Subscriber, near Mr. Justice Smith's at Conover's, a Bright Bay Mare, 3 Years old, middle sized, paces well, but can trot; has some saddle Marks, and is branded on the near Shoulder A. Whoever secures the said Mare and gives Notice so as the Owner may have her again, shall have Forty Shillings Reward; or, if they bring her home, Three Pounds.

WILLIAM SMITH.

CAPTAIN JOHN RENDELL, of Baltimore Town, designing to leave the Province this Fall, hereby gives Notice thereof, that if any Persons have any Claim or Demands on him, they may bring them in and they shall be Paid: And those who are indebted to him are desired to make speedy Payment, to prevent Trouble.

September 12, 1751.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Justices of Prince George's County, will meet at Upper Marlborough Town, at the Court House, in the County aforesaid, on Friday the 29th Day of November next, to treat with such Persons, who shall then offer to undertake Building a Public Prison for the said County, agreeable to the Act of Assembly, in that Case, late made and provided.

Signed per Order,

JOSEPH SM, Clerk of the said County Court.

September 28, 1751.

ON Tuesday Night last, one John Mitchell, late Miller to Mr. George Brown, at Ganssander Forest, stole out of Mrs. Sarah Ramsay's Orchard, at the Head of Severn, a Dark Brown Mare; who probably he has since killed. Whoever shall apprehend the said Mitchell, shall have Five Pounds Reward, paid by Thomas Threlkeld, at Joppa, or Sarah Ramsay. He is a tall Man, near six Feet high, very thin; and freckled on the Face, has a large shuffling Walk, and clumsy Legs. Had on and with him three Jackets, a light Drab coloured Cloth Coat, a Bundle of Shirts, and other Apparel.

JUST IMPORTED.

And to be SOLD by the Subscriber, at his Store, in ANNAPOLIS.

CORDAGE and Salt Duck; also an Assortment of European and East India GOODS; likewise good Barbadoes Rum; and Muscovado Sugar.

LANCELOT JACQUES.

STOELN

September 25, 1751.

STOLEN or Strayed on Tuesday Night last, from the Subscriber, at the Head of Severn River, a small Brown Mare, having a Blaze in her Face, and is branded I-M. Whoever will bring home the said Mare, shall have Twenty Shillings Reward, paid by

SARAH RANNEY.

ALL Persons indebted to the Printer hereof, for more than one Year's Gazette (and more especially those who owe for four or five Years) and those otherways indebted to him, are desired to comply with the Apostle PAUL's Injunction in his Epistle to the Romans, Chap. xiii. V. 7. *Render—so all their Duty,*—which will greatly oblige him [their humble Servant] and enable him to comply with the same great Apostle's Injunction in the next Verse, *Give no Man any Thing, but to love one another.*

IMPORTED,

In the last SHIPS from ENGLAND, Variety of European and India Goods, to be SOLD very reasonably by Beale Bordley, opposite to Mr. Soumain's in ANNAPOLIS, among which are

Fine broad cloths and trimmings in patterns, striped plain and blue camblets, super fine drab sagathies, black serge de nim, Scotch plaid, single and double slopcoats, silveretts, striped luteustrings, Persian taffeties, scarlet bays, fine broad Irish frize, fine mix'd beavskin, duffels, spotted flannel, imbossed serges, corded druggat, forest cloths, super fine Saxons green cloth, striped flannel, half thickets, kerseys, dyed negroes cotton, cotton counterpanes tufted, fine corded dimity, super fine India dimity, striped cottons, striped garlix, figur'd dimity, women's and girls whalebone and cane hoops, silk clogs, women's best velvet caps, shammy skins, patterns of scarlet knit worsted for waistcoats, hosiery, gloves, rugs and blankets, fearnothing jackets, sweet oil per quart, China bowls, dishes, plates, milk-pots and custard cups, fine wormed wine, beer, and cyder glasses, Naples biscuit pans, mens and boys hats, boys faced ditto, women's fur hats, ship and boat compasses, pewter, ofsnabrigs, white linnens, checks, long lawns, pistol and flower'd ditto, striped muslins, cambricks, blue linnens, callicoes and chints, hummum, silk, cotton, and linnen handkerchiefs, Russia towelling, white and brown sheeting, chilloer, best single and double refin'd London loaf sugar at 1s. 6d. and 2s. 2d. raisins per jar, salt petre, allspice, nutmegs, cinnamon, sage, ginger, pepper, roll brimstone, allom, glue, fine gunpowder, shot and lead, 30d. 20d. 10d. 8d. and 6d. nails, scythe-stones, grind-stones, variety of rasps and files, iron pots, skillets, and frying-pans, spades, and other iron ware, neat fowling pieces, school dictionaries, Rudiman's rudiments, Clark's exercises, small histories, variety of prints, maps, &c. saddlery, snuff, pigtail tobacco, pocket fleelyards, blank account books, memorandum books, common prayer books with the new version of psalms, with and without cuts, protractors scales and dividers, painted Dutch tiles for chimney-pieces, Lamp Black, &c. &c.

Also good Barbadoes rum, muscovado sugar, coffee, chocolate, and sherry wine.

September 3, 1751.

RAN away from the Subscriber, about a Mile from Patuxent Iron-Works, on the first of this Instant, an Irish Convict Servant named John Bowdale; he is a lusty well set Fellow, about 6 Feet high, fresh colour'd, pitted with the Small-Pox, and has several Moles on his face: He had when he went away a dark colour'd Cloth Jacket, an old white Linnen Jacket, a check Shirt, an Ofsnabrig Shirt, two Pair of Ofsnabrigs Trowsers, a Castor Hat almost new, a Sun Handkerchief, old black Leather Shoes with Holes cut in the Toes of them, and a long brown Wig: he is about 45 Years of Age, by Trade a Joiner and Carpenter.

Whoever takes up the said Servant and brings him home, or so secures him as his Master may have him, shall have Four Pounds Reward, besides what the Law allows, paid by

THOMAS SNOWDEN.

WILLIAM PREW, HATTE, from LONDON, Near the Tower Gate in the City of ANNAPOLIS,

MAKES and Sells all Sorts of Beaver and Castor Hats for Men, Women, and Children, in the best and cheapest Manner: He likewise repairs, cleans, and dyes Hats. He also gives Ready Money for all Sorts of Fur.

TO BE SOLD,

ATRACT of Land, called Griffith's Park, lying in Frederick County, between the Upper and Lower Falls of Potomack River, near the Mouth of Capt. John's Creek, containing, by Patent, 500 Acres. It is a body of choice Land, and very conveniently situated. For Title and Terms of Sale, apply to

JANE THOMPSON, Executrix of John Thompson, late of Cecil County, deceased.

TO BE SOLD by the Subscriber, Trustee of WILLIAM CUMMING, of the City of ANNAPOLIS, Esq; for the Use of his Creditors, the following Tracts of Land, viz

ONE Tract, called Gray's Broer, containing one Hundred Acres.

One Tract, called Preddy, containing four hundred and seventeen Acres, both lying in Anne Arundel County.

ALSO, The following Tracts of Land, lying in Frederick County, for the Use aforesaid.

Part of a Tract, called Accord, containing one hundred Acres.

Part of a Tract, called Amsterdam, containing eighty Acres. Part of a Tract, called Preston's Marsh, containing six hundred and fifteen Acres.

One Tract, called Norway, containing six hundred and thirty Acres.

One Tract, called Barber's Beginning, containing one hundred Acres.

One Tract, called Drum Mine, containing six hundred and sixty eight Acres.

Any Person or Persons inclinable to purchase, may be informed of the Title and Terms of Sale, by applying to William Cumming, Esq; in the City of Annapolis, or to the Subscriber at Lingaura, in Frederick County.

WILLIAM CUMMING, Junior.

JUST IMPORTED,

In the BRITON, Capt. COOLIDGE, from LONDON, And to be Sold by the Subscriber, at the Store in ANNAPOLIS, where Mr. JAMES DICK lately kept Store.

GREAT Variety of European and East-India GOODS, by Wholesale or Retail, at very reasonable Rates, for Money, Bills, or Tobacco. Also Cordage and Cables of all Sizes, Anchors from 1 to 6 Hundred, Sail Duck, Twine, and Ship Chandlery.

STEPHEN WEST, Junior.

THE Subscriber intending for London early next Shipping, all Persons indebted to him are desired speedily to make Payment or settle their Accounts, Attendance will be given every Day at Mr. West's Store in Annapolis.

JAMES DICK.

TO BE SOLD by the Subscriber,

THE following Tracts of Land, lying in Frederick County, viz

One Tract, called Friendship, containing 400 Acres.

One Tract, called Gordon's Purchase, containing 150 Acres.

One Tract, called Exchange, containing 700 Acres.

Also a Lease for three Lives of a Tract of Land, called Fountain Rock Marsh, containing 100 Acres, being Part of his Lordship's Manor, lying in the said County, paying a yearly Quit Rent of Fifty Shillings Sterling.

Any Person or Persons inclinable to Purchase, may be informed of the Title and Terms of Sale, by applying to the Subscriber.

JAMES DICK.

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